University of Saskatchewan Department of Mathematics & Statistics

Mathematics 124.3 (02, 04, 06, 08)

Time: 3 hours Instructors: (02) W. Skrapek	Final Examinat (04) F. Shahidi		April 23, 2004 (08) J. Stephenson
Name:	Student #: Math 124 section #		
No book	ks, notes or calculato PART A	rs are allowed.	
For the questions in Part A, sim of the examination booklets to carefully, and please write neat Each question in Part A is wor	write out your comp ly.	answer in the spacelete solution. Nur	e provided. Use one nber your solutions
1. Find $\int_{-2}^{2} \sqrt{4 - x^2} dx$ by	interpreting it in terr	ns of an area.	
Answer:			
2. If $F(x) = \int_0^{x^2 + \pi} t \cos t dt$, what is $F'(x)$?		
Answer:			
3. Evaluate the Riemann Sunthe left hand points of each single rational number $\frac{p}{q}$.			
Answer:			
4. Use Simpsons' Rule with answer as a single rational	4 subdivisions to apnumber.	oproximate $\int_{1}^{9} \frac{1}{x}$	$\frac{1}{+1} dx$. Give your
Answer:			
5. Find the area of the region	enclosed by the cur	$y = x^2 \text{and} y$	$y^2 = x.$
Answer:			

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6. Evaluate the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by $y = x^2$ and y = 1 about the y-axis.

7. Evaluate the volume of the solid obtained when the region in question 6 is rotated about the x-axis.

Answer: ______

In questions 8 to 14 evaluate the integrals.

$$8. \quad \int \sin^2 x \cos^3 x \, dx =$$

Answer: ______

$$9. \quad \int x^3 \sqrt{1+x^2} \, dx =$$

Answer: _____

10.
$$\int \frac{2}{(x-1)(x+1)} \, dx =$$

Answer: ______

$$11. \quad \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{3-x^4}} \, dx =$$

Answer: ______

$$12. \quad \int \cos^{-1} x \, dx =$$

Answer: _____

$$13. \quad \int \frac{1 + \ln x}{x \ln x} \, dx =$$

Answer: _____

14.
$$\int_{1}^{2} x^{3} \ln x \, dx =$$

Answer: ______

Name: _____ Student #:____ Math 124 section #___ 15. What is the value of the improper integral $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{(1-x)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$. Answer: 16. Find the solution of the differential equation $\frac{du}{dt} = \frac{2t + \sec^2 t}{2u}, \quad u(0) = -5.$ Answer: _____ In questions 17 and 18 consider the curve given parametrically by $x = \cos^3 \theta$, $y = \sin^3 \theta, \ 0 \le \theta \le \frac{\pi}{2}.$ 17. What is the length of the curve? Answer: 18. What is the area of the surface generated by rotating the curve about the x-axis? 19. An airtight cubic box $2m \times 2m \times 2m$ is to be constructed of plate steel. The box is to hold a video camera and is going to be used to photograph the wreck of the Titanic. If the water depth is 2,000 m, calculate the hydrostatic force that will be exerted on one of the vertical sides of the box when it rests on the bottom of the Atlantic Ocean beside the Titanic. (Use water mass density = $1,000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ and use q for gravitational acceleration. Leave your answer in the form of a number times q, like xxxxq. Answer: _ 20. The linear density of a rod 8m long is $\frac{12}{\sqrt{x+1}}$ kg/m, where x is measured in meters from one end of the rod. Find the average density of the rod. Auswer: _____

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Part B

For questions in Part B, write out the complete solution in one of the examination booklets. Show all of your work and please write neatly.

Each question in Part B is worth 10 marks.

- 21. Evalute $\int \frac{dx}{x^4 16}$.
- 22. In 1980 a new golf course was carved out of the prairie landscape. It was estimated that there were only 100 gophers on the course and they were considered to be no problem. By 1990 it was estimated that the gopher population had grown to 900. If the rate of population growth of gophers is proportional to the population size, when will the population be 24,300?
- 23. A parabolic tank of height 4m can be considered as being generated by rotating the curve $y = \frac{1}{4}x^2$ about the y-axis. The tank is full of water which has mass density of 1000 kg/m³. How much work is required to pump all of the water out of the tank to a height of 2m above the top of the tank.
- 24. (a) On a single graph, sketch the polar curves $r = 2\cos 2\theta$ and r = 1. Use the convention that r can be positive or negative.
 - (b) Find the area inside the curve $r = 2\cos 2\theta$ and outside the curve r = 1.
- Total marks for Part B. [40]